

### Assignment 6, due Friday, 12th November

#### Theoretical:

1. Determine the region of absolute stability for the method

$$(1) \quad w_{n+1} = w_n + hf(t_n + \theta h, (1 - \theta)w_n + \theta w_{n+1})$$

for several  $\theta \in [0, 1]$  to make the general picture. Notice that the method above includes explicit Euler, implicit Euler, and implicit midpoint rule as special cases.

2. Determine all the values of  $\theta \in [0, 1]$  such that the method (1) is  $A$ -stable.

#### Computational:

Consider the following initial value problem

$$(2) \quad \begin{aligned} \frac{d\vec{y}}{dt} &= \Lambda \vec{y}, \quad 0 \leq t \leq 1 \\ \vec{y}(0) &= (1, 1)'. \end{aligned}$$

where

$$\Lambda = \begin{bmatrix} -50 & 1 \\ 0 & -\frac{1}{10} \end{bmatrix}$$

Apply both the forward and backward Euler methods to the ivp (2).

- Find a stepsize  $h > 0$  for which the explicit Euler's method is unstable. Plot  $\ln\|w_n\|$  vs  $n$ .
- Use the same stepsize  $h$  for the implicit Euler method to solve the problem (2). Plot  $\ln\|w_n\|$  vs  $n$ .
- Explain your results.