

Keys to Version A of Midterm Test 2 in MA 180/418, Fall 2010

Q1: **c**

Q2: **b**

Q3: **a**

Q4: **b**

Q5: **d**

Q6: (a) The formula is $E = z_{\alpha/2} \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}} = 2.575 \times \frac{6}{\sqrt{12}} = 4.46$.

Also, the center of the interval is $\bar{x} = 131.25$, by calculator.

The interval is 131.25 ± 4.46 , or $126.79 < \mu < 135.71$

If you use calculator, the function is **ZInterval**.

(b) $\bar{x} = 131.25$.

(c) $E = 4.46$. If you used **ZInterval**, then $E = (135.71 - 126.79)/2$.

[Bonus] $128.40 < \mu < 134.10$. This is shorter, because the confidence level is lower.

Q7: (a) $n = \frac{(z_{\alpha/2})^2 \cdot 0.25}{E^2} = \frac{2.33^2 \cdot 0.25}{0.02^2} = 3393.06$, round up to 3394

(b) $n = \frac{(z_{\alpha/2})^2 \hat{p}\hat{q}}{E^2} = \frac{2.33^2 \cdot 0.84 \cdot 0.16}{0.02^2} = 1824.11$, round up to 1825

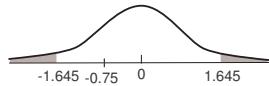
Q8: (a) $s = 0.04$

(b) $0.033 < \sigma < 0.052$ by using the formula $\sqrt{\frac{17 \times 0.04^2}{24.769}} < \sigma < \sqrt{\frac{17 \times 0.04^2}{10.085}}$

Chi-square (χ^2) distribution, $n - 1 = 17$ degrees of freedom.

Q9: (a) $H_0: p = 0.2$, $H_1: p \neq 0.2$; (b) test statistic: $z = \frac{0.185 - 0.2}{\sqrt{0.2 \times 0.8/400}} = -0.75$

Diagram:



(c) critical values: ± 1.645 ; we accept H_0 . We accept the original claim.

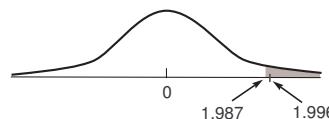
(d) P-value is $2 \times 0.2266 = 0.4532$ (by Table A-2)

or 0.4533 (by calculator function **1-PropZTest**);

we accept H_0 because P-value > $\alpha = 0.1$.

Q10: (a) $H_0: \mu = 5.2$, $H_1: \mu > 5.2$; (b) test statistic: $t = \frac{5.313 - 5.2}{0.54/\sqrt{91}} = 1.996$

Diagram:



(c) critical value: 1.987; we accept H_1 . We accept the original claim.

(d) P-value is $0.01 < P < 0.025$ (by Table A-3)

or 0.0245 (by calculator function **T-Test**);

we accept H_1 because P-value < $\alpha = 0.025$.